Kerberos use in Web Authentication

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Current landscape

- Since 1996 MIT has issued X.509 soft certificates to its traditional user community
- Roughly 100 to 150 servers accepting MIT user certificates
- MIT Shibboleth deployment started in Fall of 2007
- Roughly 15 applications in operation today



Driving factors

- The community that our applications must interact with is larger than the MIT community, and includes people that do not have an account with any KDC.
- There was no organization building a *large* cross realm community, similar in scope to some of the growing Shibboleth federations.
- It is not always appropriate to release a student's name to a third party application.



MIT as a federation: Current Shibboleth IdPs

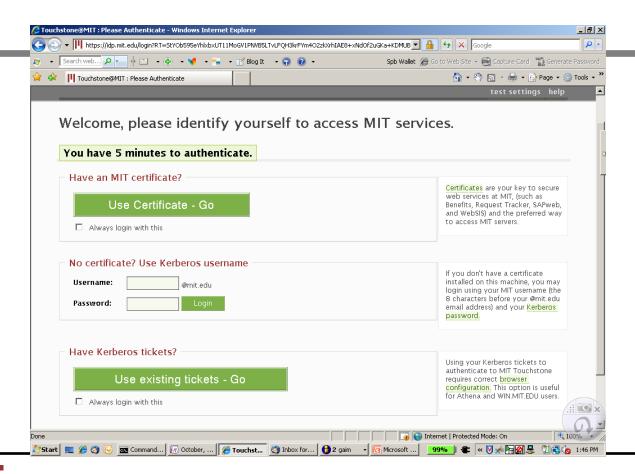
- Core IdP for people that have an MIT Kerberos principal (idp.mit.edu)
 - Central administration
- Collaboration Account IDP for people that don't have an account at a site with a Shibboleth IdP (idp.touchstonenetwork.net)
 - Self registration



IdP initial authentication mechanisms

- Core MIT (idp.mit.edu)
 - 1. MIT issues X.509 certificates
 - 2. MIT Kerberos principal and password
 - 3. Kerberos via HTTP-SPNEGO
 - Internet Explorer, FireFox, Safari







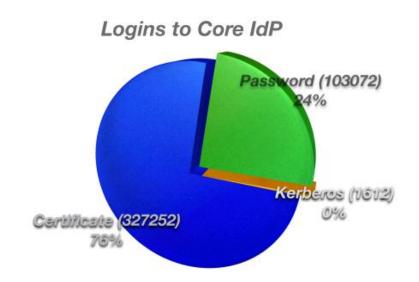
Metrics: core IdP, July 10 – Oct 8

Logins, by authentication method:

•certificate 327252 (75.76%)

•username/password 103072 (23.86%)

•Kerberos 1612 (0.37%)

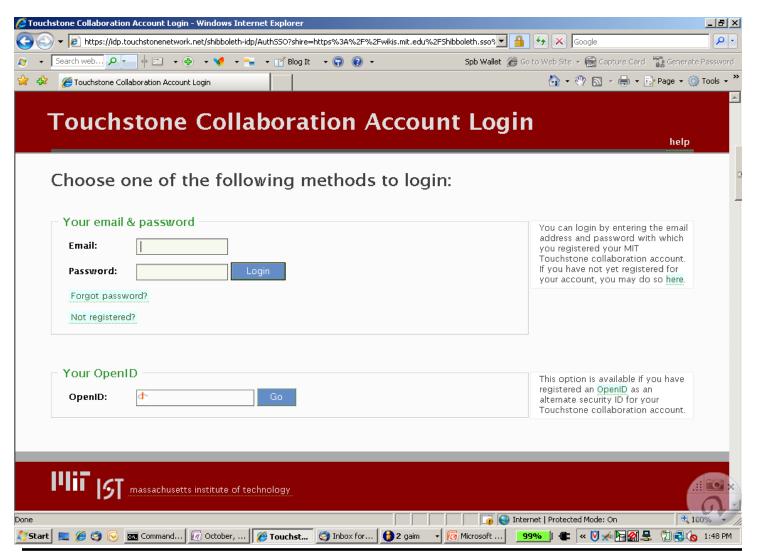




IdP initial authentication mechanisms

- Collaboration Accounts (idp.touchstonenetwork.net)
 - 1. Username / password
 - 2. OpenID
 - 3. Kerberos via http-spnego
 - was available during beta, and some time in the future, not currently turned on in production







Metrics: TouchstoneNetwork IdP, July 10 – Oct 8

Logins, by authentication method:

•username/password

12,372

•OpenId 1



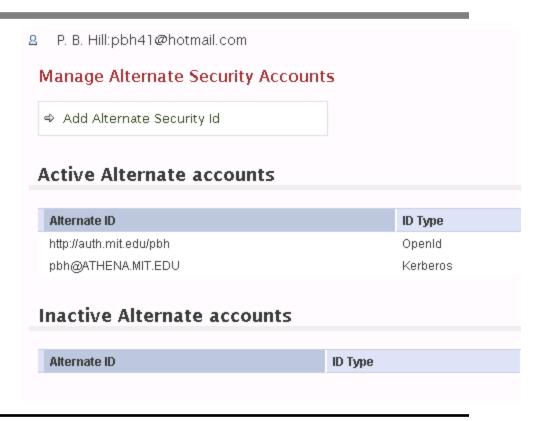
Shibboleth and Cross realm interactions

- Shibboleth Attribute Resolution issue
 - idp.mit.edu maps well with the Athena.mit.edu realm and ldap.mit.edu.
 - What happens when someone from another realm authenticates?
 - Where do we perform the attribute resolution?



Identity transformations

TouchstoneNetwork IdP addresses this via self registration of alternate security identifiers





Future directions

- Add Kerberos mechanism back into Touchstone
- "KAML" raises privacy concerns when extending across the border of the enterprise.
 - Ticket in the SAML assertion
 - SAML assertion in the ticket
 - In both cases the username is likely to be exposed

